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CINCINNATI HOST TO NATION'S GEORGISTS

CINCINNATI, Nov. 14 (HGNS) - The eleventh annual Henry George Congress closed tonight as Georgist leaders from all parts of the United States and Canada ended their three day deliberations with an enthusiasm and confidence in the future unequalled in many years.

Progress in the fields of education, organization and legislation were acclaimed in session after session while committee meetings laid specific plans for advancing the movement along all fronts in the coming year.

Outstanding in the realm of education were reports of the achievements of the Henry George School of Social Science in 102 cities of the United States and Canada, as well as in five other countries. Many cities were represented not only by the School's instructors and extension secretaries but by graduates.

Chapters of the Henry George Fellowship, alumni body of the School, were represented by delegates who formed a national organization which promises to become of increasing importance as the alumni grow in numbers.

A strong delegation from Pittsburgh discussed legislative progress and plans for their city, in which there is already a recognition of the Georgist principles on the statute books.

N. D. Alper, secretary of the Sales Tax Repeal Association for Northern California, plead for support of the State constitutional amendment drawn up by Hon. Jackson H. Ralston. This amendment, Mr. Alper pledged, will go before the people again in two years in such form as to overcome the legal technicalities which took it off the ballot this November.

J. B. Ellert told of the successful application of Georgist principles in Milk River, Alberta, known as the test-tube of the Single Tax movement.

Hon. Herbert S. Bigelow, Congressman-elect from Cincinnati, outlined the strategy which he believes will make Cincinnati the first Single Tax city in the United States and open the way for the adoption of land value taxation of land value taxation in all Ohio municipalities.

Billy Radcliffe, of Cleveland, 86, was honored as the oldest delegate.

Mayor Russell Wilson of Cincinnati stressed the need for world free trade in his address of welcome. Additions to Georgist literature were reviewed by Gilbert M. Tucker, Albany, N.Y. These works included "Our Enemy the State" by Albert Haydock, "Chain the war Gods" by Col. Victor A. Ruc, "Stagnation of Industry" by Emil O. Jorgenson, "Growth and Distribution of Population" by Prof. Pearson, and "Public and Private Property" by John Z. White. Mrs. Anna George de Mille, New York; Prof. Harry Gunnison Brown, Columbia, Mo.; Mr. Alper and David Gibson, Cleveland, were allotted time on two leading Cincinnati radio stations.

Exhibits at the Congress were provided by the Robert Schalkenbach Foundation, publishers of the writings of Henry George; the Henry George School of Social Science, and the Publications and Research Committees of the New York Chapter of the Henry George Fellowship.

Mayor James Couzens of Detroit wired the Congress extending an invitation for it to meet in his city next year. Acceptance of this invitation was urged by A. Laurence Smith, Detroit.

At a meeting of the trustees of the Henry George Foundation of America, sponsors of the Congress, the current officers were reelected for the year. Hon. George E. Evans is president, Hon. Percy R. Williams Executive Secretary. Rabbi Michael Aaronsohn was heartily commended for his efficient leadership in making arrangements for the Congress as the chairman of the Congress committee.

Resolutions were adopted by the Congress commending Hon. William N. McNair for his Georgists stand as Mayor of Pittsburgh and honoring the late Hon. Charles O'Connor Hennessy, president of the Robert Schalkonbach Foundation and of the International Union for Land Value Taxation and Free Trade.

CHAPTERS OF HENRY GEORGE FELLOWSHIP FORM NATIONAL FEDERATION

CINCINNATI, Nov. 13 (HGNS) - Delegates from six chapters of the Henry George Fellowship met at the Henry George Congress this afternoon and formed a national organization to be known as the Federated Chapters of the Henry George Fellowship.

According to provisions of the constitution adopted, every chapter of the Henry George Fellowship whose members are certified graduates of the Henry George School of Social Science may join the federation. The federation will be governed by an annual congress of delegates to be sent at the expense of the local chapters. Each chapter is entitled to one delegate for each fifty members. An initiation fee of \$5.00 will be charged each chapter to cover mailing costs of the coming year.

Officers elected were:

President - Nathan Hillman, president of the Chicago Chapter

Vice President - Edward G. Lang, president of the Pittsburgh Chapter

2nd Vice President - Noah D. Alper, San Francisco

Financial Secretary - Harold M. Becker, Omaha

Corresponding Secretary - J. Edward Jones, Chicago

Treasurer - Harry B. Kuck, president of the Cincinnati Chapter

The Executive Committee will consist of these officers and the president of each chapter throughout the country.

LEADING AMERICANS HOLD GEORGE'S CLASSIC SHOULD BE IN EVERY HOME LIBRARY

NEW YORK, (HGNS) - The works of Henry George, of Adam Smith, whose theory George refined and developed, and of Thorstein Veblen, on whom George's work exerted a formative influence, are the books on economics which should be in the home library of every American, according to a selection of 700 titles by outstanding leaders in American life and letters and a group of prominent literary critics.

The books selected for a representative home library were displayed at The New York Times National Book Fair, sponsored jointly by The Times and the National Association of Book Publishers, at the International Building, Rockefeller Centre.

Georgist classics, headed by Henry George's "Progress and Poverty", comprised an important part of the books selected.

"Outstanding leaders in American life and letters were asked what books they thought should be in the American home library," according to an announcement heading the publication of the list in The New York Times of Nov. 14. "Their suggestions were gone over by a group of prominent literary critics, and a list compiled of some 700 titles.

"These books are shown in the modern library living room at The New York Times National Book Fair - one of the features of a show which is attracting thousands."

Besides "Progress and Poverty", works representative of the thought of leading Georgist thinkers are listed and displayed. These include "Art as Experience" and "The Philosophy of John Dewey" by Professor John Dewey, famous American philosopher and honorary president of the Henry George School of Social Science; "Art in America" by Suzanne

La Follette, who was associated with The Freeman and was editor of The New Freeman; and "War and Peace" and "Anna Karenina" by Leo Tolstoy.

Also, the autobiographies of leading Americans who figure in Georgist history are presented, such as Lincoln Steffens' "Autobiography" and Clarence Darrow's "The Story of My Life."

The selections in the field of economic and social theory received high commendation in New York Georgist circles. Adam Smith's "The Wealth of Nations", of which George's work was a higher development, is listed. John Stuart Mill, who exerted an important influence on George's thought, is represented by "Utilitarianism, Liberty and Representative Government" and "On Liberty and Other Essays". Thorstein Veblen, on whom George exerted a formative influence, is represented by his classics: "Theory of Business Enterprise" and "Theory of the Leisure Class".

Adam Smith, Henry George and Thorstein Veblen are the only economists represented, according to a study of the list. Besides those of Smith, Mill, George and Dewey, the works on social philosophy represented included José Ortega y Gasset's "The Revolt of the Masses", Oswald Spengler's "The Decline of the West", John Strachey's "The Coming Struggle for Power" and Lewis Mumford's "Technics and Civilization." The remainder of the list consisted of novels, plays, poetry, essays, biography and history.

The model American home library was shown in a modern setting, the rows of books lending color and dignity to a living room designed for a Manhattan apartment. On Nov. 14, with a week to run, the fair had attracted more than 50,000 paid admissions.

REORGANIZE EDUCATION TO SAVE DEMOCRACY, DEWEY URGES

NEW YORK, (HCNS) - For democracy to continue in the United States, "a tremendous reorganization" of materials, instruction and administration in the schools is required, Dr. John Dewey, honorary president of the Henry George School of Social Science and professor emeritus of philosophy at Columbia University, told the Eastern States regional meeting of the Progressive Education Association here.

Taking part in a conference on "Democracy and Education", which occupied the meeting, Dr. Dewey asserted that democracy "cannot go forward unless the intelligence of the mass of the people is educated to understand the social realities of their own time and the readjustments that have to be made in society to keep democracy moving forward."

"In spite of the changes in the schools that have occurred in the last forty years," he said, "the subject matter taught is still so isolated from the outside world in which students are to live, that it does not give them the grasp of social conditions and social needs that will create genuinely democratic intelligence and power of action."

"We cannot teach democracy as if it were a separate subject. We cannot teach it except in terms of all the forces, political, economic and cultural, that affect every movement in every detail of social life - which is a life of activities whether for good or evil consequences."

"There is no use in obscuring and soft-pedaling the tremendous job of educational reorganization that has to be done if the schools are to meet the challenge of democracy."

TAX REFORM BEING INSTALLED IN OLOT, SPAIN

MADRID, SPAIN, (HCNS) - The authorities of Olot, Gerona, are studying the problems involved in the adoption of social land value taxation, with the intention of applying the system immediately, according to Catalán correspondence in La Reforma Social.