

**DR. MCGLYNN MEMORIAL MEETING.**

The fifth anniversary of the death of Dr. Edward McGlynn was held at Murray Hill Lyceum, New York City, on the night of Sunday, January 8th. Sylvester L. Malone, President of the Dr. McGlynn Monument Association, presiding. Among the speakers were Louis F. Post, Cornelius Donovan, Henry George, Jr., Mrs. Marguerite Moore, and Justice Samuel Seabury. The musical programme was rendered by Miss Sophie Fanoni, soprano, and Mme. de Levenoff, pianist, and Master Jones, violinist.

Dr. Funk, who was to have spoken, wrote as follows:

"I trust that a permanent monument may be erected to his memory in this city, the city of so many years of his labor, and which he so well loved. When the time comes that heart is the measure of greatness, Dr. McGlynn will be counted one of the greatest of our men."

Mr. Post spoke of "Those stirring days when his voice rang out full and strong for the Fatherhood of God, the brotherhood of man, and the peace of the world, are fading in the memories of us who have been accumulating years since then; but the memory of the man will never fade. While human brotherhood is a cause to fight for, Father McGlynn's name will be honored and his memory loved."

Hon. John De Witt Warner wrote: "I regret that a prior engagement will prevent my sharing the pleasure of a tribute to the work of Dr. McGlynn, who in his life was one of the most worthy of New York citizens, and whose influence, great then, has steadily increased since he has left us."

**THE WORK OF THE MASSACHUSETTS LEAGUE.**

The Executive Committee of the Massachusetts Single Tax League has formed plans of work for the current season. Its plans comprise:

1st. Public meetings to be addressed upon the Single Tax, to be held in every Boston ward and in any city or town where the local Single Taxers can arrange a meeting.

2nd. A series of public meetings under the auspices of the League on subjects kindred to the Single Tax, or of present public interest, to be addressed by leading exponents of the particular subjects, such as the Initiative and Referendum, the Eight Hour Law, Public Ownership of Public Utilities, Proportional Representation, etc., each address to be followed by discussion and notices of each meeting to be sent to the individuals and societies who may be interested in the subject of the speaker, thus bringing the League and its work to the attention of reformers who ought to know us and may be in sympathy with us.

3rd. Correspondence with debating societies, high schools, academies and colleges,

with offers to furnish topics for discussion involving the Single Tax and literature bearing on the subject.

4th. Work throughout the State to secure the endorsement of labor unions and others for a law to establish local option in taxation; and

5th. Presentation to the Legislature of the question of local option in taxation and an effort to obtain a hearing on the question.

Under the city ordinances of Boston, on compliance with simple formalities, the use of ward rooms can be obtained for public meetings. One meeting was held on January 5th inst. at the old Franklin school house on Washington street which was addressed by the Rev. Samuel Brazier who while making his address used charts to illustrate the subject, and afterwards questions were invited and answers made. A similar meeting is in process of arrangement to be held in one of the Charlestown wards.

The committee on correspondence with debating societies in high schools, etc., has begun its work by obtaining lists of such societies and has prepared the following series of questions for debate, and will be glad of any suggestions to enlarge the list.

1. Would the Single Tax method of raising public revenue be beneficial or otherwise to a community?

2. What would be the effect of the Single Tax on

- (a) Wages?
- (b) Capital?
- (c) Rent?
- (d) Wealth production?
- (e) On the moral condition of society?

3. Would it be most advisable to apply the Single Tax at once by substituting it for all other taxation for revenue, or gradually by remitting other taxes as the Single Tax was increased?

4. Is private property in land justifiable morally or economically?

5. What would be gained economically and morally by substituting direct taxation for our present methods?

6. What effect would the Single Tax have on trust monopoly?

JAMES R. CARRET,  
Secretary *pro tem*.

Boston, January 11th, 1905.

Senator Depew said in a recent speech, "Great Britain is about to abandon free trade." This will happen about the time Senator Depew has abandoned his role of court fool. Yet it is a mistaken view to regard Senator Depew exclusively in the guise of a king's jester. He is not a fool, he is what James Payn, the novelist, used to call a foolometer—namely, an instrument by which the common foolishness may be accurately gauged.