

their sympathy. I never saw Richard George without vivid reminders and recollections of his father. They were strikingly alike in appearance as I recall them both."

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JOSEPH McCARTHY.

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(See portrait.)

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Joseph McCarthy was born at Littleport, Iowa, in 1877. In 1896 he was graduated from the Le Mars Normal School at Le Mars, Iowa. After serving one year as principal of schools at Struble, Iowa, he entered the Iowa State University, pursuing a Collegiate Course. While there he was active in literary and forensic work and in 1900 was one of the three students who successfully represented the University in the annual Iowa-Wisconsin University Debate. In 1902 he was graduated from the law department of the University of Denver. Commencing the year following he has continuously practiced law in Spokane, Washington, being a member of the law firm of McCarthy & Edge.

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FAREWELL DINNER TO FRANCIS NEILSON.

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A farewell dinner was tendered to Hon. Francis Neilson, M. P., by Mr. John T. McRoy, at the Elks Club, 43rd Street, this city, on Tuesday evening, October 8. There were about fifty present.

Mr. Neilson, after a few brief remarks by Mr. McRoy, began by saying: "I do not know where I have met so many warm-hearted friends and where I have enjoyed such cordiality." He then rapidly sketched some interesting incidents in his early life. Referring to his strenuous trip to the West he spoke of having "suped" in a dramatization of Jules Verne's "Round the World in Eighty Days," and later of having been assistant stage manager in a play called *Ninety Days* in which William Gillette had appeared. But he said that his experience in making connections to accomplish what he must in the time allotted in these plays was nothing to what

he had gone through in the last few days. He then told of his visit to Winnipeg, and of his meeting with Mr. Dixon and others. He described the marvelous progress of that city, Saskatoon and Edmonton. He told of the Grain Growers' Association and the force it has become in Canadian political life. He spoke of his meeting with U'Ren in Portland, and the meetings in Oregon that he had addressed. He also told of his visit to St. Louis and other parts of Missouri, and of his arrival in Chicago and the meetings there at the City Club and elsewhere. His intimate and graphic description of his meeting with an uncle in Seattle whom he had not met for many years, and of his having been "on show" for a period in that city with his uncle as the showman, was as interesting as any part of the speech. He concluded with an eloquent expression of thanks for the many kindnesses accorded him during his ten weeks stay in this country, and he promised to come again, bringing with him his wife and daughters.

Mr. Nielson spoke for nearly two hours, and it is a high compliment to our brilliant guest that none present suspected that he had spoken so long.

An interesting feature of the dinner was the reading of imaginary letters by Whidden Graham from British notables.

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THE United Labor Party of New Zealand has been endorsed by more than thirty thousand trades unionists. Its principal plank is as follows:

"A land system which shall bring into the most productive use, either by individual undertakings or by public enterprise, all natural resources; shall make absentee ownership and private monopoly in land impossible; shall secure to the landholder all the values created by him and those only (all such values to be exempt from all taxation); and shall secure to the public in an annual tax all values created by the public."

The national organizer of the party is Walter Thomas Mills, at one time an active leader for progress in Portland, and later of Milwaukee, Wis.